# GLENBROOK COVE 2023 WATER QUALITY REPORT



### **TEST RESULTS - DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM**

### **INORGANIC CONTAMINANTS**

Contaminant – Date	Violation	Level Detected Range Unit Meas. MC				MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Lead – 7/2021 N		2.80	ND to 3	nnh	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing system;
Leau = 7/2021	NO	2.00	ND to 3	ppb	O	AL-13	Erosion of natural deposits
Copper – 7/2021	No	0.124	0.0390 to 0.142	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing system;
							Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from
							wood preservatives

#### CHIORINE

Contaminant – Date	Violation	Level Detected	Range	Unit Meas.	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorine – Daily	No	3.2	ND to 3.6	ppm	MRDLG = 4.0	MRDL = 4.0	Water additive used to control microbes

### TOTAL TRIHALOMETHANES

Contaminant – Date	Violation	Level Detected	Range	Unit Meas.	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
(TTHM) – 7/2023	No	2.07/L	ND	ug/L	NA	AL=80	By-product of chlorinating drinking water

#### TOTAL HALOACETIC ACIDS

Contaminant – Date	Violation	Level Detected	Range	Unit Meas.	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination		
(HAA5) – 7/2023	No	<5.00 ug/L	7.52	ug/L	NA	60	By-product of chlorinating drinking water		

Note: Test results are from most recent tests taken.

#### **DEFINITIONS:**

- AL: Action Level, or the concentration of a contaminant which, when exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
- MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal, or the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or
  expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
- MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level, or the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
- MRDLG: Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal, or the level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
- MRDL: Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level, or the highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
- LRAA: Locational Running Annual Average

- ND: No Detect
- NA: Not Applicable
- ppb: parts per billion
- ppm: parts per million

# Why are there contaminants in my water?

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects may be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

## Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

### **Health Effects of Lead in Drinking Water:**

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. GLENBROOK COVE AREA is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <a href="http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead">http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead</a>.

# **2023 PURCHASED WATER INFORMATION**

Our water system purchases water from the Cedar Rapids Water Department (PWSID: 5715093). Their water quality is as follows:

# **5715093 - CEDAR RAPIDS WATER DEPARTMENT**

**Cedar Rapids Water Department** J Ave & Northwest Treatment Plant 2023 Finished Water Quality

Water Treatment Plants - Finished Water											
Inorgan	ic Chemica	als		J AVE	PLANT	NW P	LANT	SOURCE OF CHEMICAL			
	UNITS	MCL	MCLG	RANGE	REPORTED	RANGE	REPORTED	SOURCE OF CHEMICAL			
Arsenic	μg/L	10	0	ND - 1.8	1.0 <sup>①</sup>	ND - 0.9	0.5 <sup>①</sup>	Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics production wastes			
Nitrate	mg/L	10	10	0.2 - 4.4	4.4 <sup>②</sup>	0.3 - 5.7	5.7②	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, Sewage; Erosion of natural deposits			
Nitrite	mg/L	1	1	ND - 0.1	0.1②	ND - 0.1	0.1②	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, Sewage; Erosion of natural deposits			
Sodium	mg/L	NA	NA	NA	18 <sup>3</sup>	NA	18 <sup>3</sup>	Erosion of natural deposits; Added to water during treatment process			
Fluoride	mg/L	4	4	0.2 - 0.8	0.8②	0.3 - 0.8	0.8②	Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.			
Organi	c Chemica	ls		RANGE	REPORTED	RANGE	REPORTED				
Atrazine	μg/L	3	3	ND - 0.2	0.1①	ND - 0.2	0.1①	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops			
Dalapon	μg/L	200	200	NA	0.23	NA		Runoff from herbicide used on row crops			
Treatment Te	chnique In	dicators		RANGE	REPORTED RANGE REP		REPORTED				
Total Organic Carbon	%	П	NA	0.9 - 2.5	1.9 <sup>④</sup>	1.1 - 3.3	2.1④	Naturally present in the environment			
Total Organic Carbon	Removal		INA	Running A	Innual Average TC	OC Credits must I	oe > 1.0	reaction by beschi in the children inch			
	NTU	П	NA	0.02 - 0.27	0.27②	0.03 - 0.15	0.15②				
Turbidity		ot exceed 1.0		% > 0.	% > 0.3 NTU		.3 NTU	Soil runoff			
	onuny	NTU	. 0,0 - 0.0	0.0	00	0.	00				

Unregulated and Secondary Chemicals											
Inorgan	als		J AVE	PLANT	NW P	LANT	SOURCE OF CHEMICAL				
	UNITS	MCL	MCLG	RANGE	AVERAGE	RANGE	AVERAGE	SOURCE OF CHEMICAL			
Chloride	mg/L	NA	250	30.6 - 43.9	35.5	27.6 - 39.8	33.8	Erosion of natural deposits, Run-off			
Copper	mg/L	NA	1.0	ND - 0.005	0.003	ND - 0.014	0.008	Corrosion of household plumbing, Erosion of natural deposits			
Iron	mg/L	NA	0.3	0.04 - 0.10	0.06	0.03 - 0.12	0.07	Corrosion of household plumbing, Erosion of natural deposits			
Manganese	μg/L	NA	50	5.0 - 39.6	16.0	ND - 11.1	0.4	Corrosion of household plumbing, Erosion of natural deposits			
Sulfate	mg/L	NA	250	19.5 - 42.0	28.4	25.9 - 41.8	31.0	Erosion of natural deposits			
Zinc	mg/L	NA	5	0.04 - 0.22	0.19	0.04 - 0.25	0.21	Corrosion of household plumbing, Erosion of natural deposits			
Organi	c Chemica	ls		RANGE	AVERAGE	RANGE	AVERAGE				
Chloroform	μg/L	NA	70	1.3 - 2.3	1.6	1.5 - 2.5	2.1				
Bromodichloromethane	μg/L	NA	0	ND - 0.8	0.2	ND - 0.8	0.4	By-product of drinking water disinfection			
Dichloroacetic Acid	μg/L	NA	0	2.0 - 3.0	2.2	NA	2.0	1			
Metolachlor	μg/L	NA	NA	ND - 0.2	0.17	ND - 0.2	0.18	Run-off from fertilizer used on row crops			
Radionuclides				RANGE	AVERAGE	RANGE	AVERAGE				
Radon	pCi/L	NA	NA	48 - 72	62	26 - 46	34	Erosion of natural deposits			

UCMR5 (Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Rule) - 2023													
		Lithium <i>µ</i> g/L	19 Specific Perfluorinated Compounds ng/L	PFOA Perfluorooctanoic acid ng/L	PFOS Perfluorooctane sulfonate ng/L	PFNA Perfluorononanoic acid ng/L	PFBS Perfluorobutanes ulfonic acid ng/L	PFHxS Perfluoroh exane sulfonic acid ng/L	HFPO-DA (GenX) Hexafluoropr opylene Oxide Dimer ng/L	4 Specific Perfluorinated Compounds ng/L			
	Method	EPA 200.7		EPA 533									
J Ave Treatment Plant	Range	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			
J Ave Treatment Plant	Average	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			
NIM Treatment Diest	Range	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			
NW Treatment Plant	Average	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			
	Proposed MCL	NA	NA 4.0 4.0 Combined Hazard Index 1							NA			
	NO CURRENT RE	GULATORY MCL	- EPA Mandatory	sampling and Analysis to	determine contaminate	occurrence nationally ar	nd establish regulatory	MCL's.					

Only detected contaminants are listed All results are from calendar year 2023

ND = No Detect NA= Not Applicable

MCL = Maximum Contaminant Level

MCLG = Maximum Contaminant Level Goal

(1) = Highest Running Annual Average (2) = Maximum Value (3) = Single Result (4) = Lowest Running Annual Average